UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

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| Distr | ict of Rh | ode Island | |
| United States of America v. CALEB BROWN Defendant |)) —) | Case No. | CR No. 1:19-MJ-00079-LDA |
| ORDER OF DET | TENTI (| ON PENDI | NG TRIAL |
| | | y for Detentio | |
| Upon the | g-~, | , 202 2 000 000 | · • |
| ✓ Motion of the Government attorney p | iiraiiant t | 181180 6 | 3142(f)(1) or |
| ☐ Motion of the Government attorney p | | | |
| the Court held a detention hearing and found that dete and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 31 | | | |
| Part II - Findings of Fact an | d Law a | s to Presump | tions under § 3142(e) |
| □ (b) an offense for which the maximum (c) an offense for which a maximum Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S. (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter (d) any felony if such person has be (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or described in subparagraphs (a) through (in subparagraphs) (a) through (in subparagraphs) (b) any felony that is not otherwise and (in subparagraphs) (b) any felony that is not otherwise and (in subparagraphs) (i | of conditions have the follow of 18 U.S num term um senter of term of C. §§ 801 705 of Then conviction of a crime of a crime of a fire o | ons will reason we been met: wing crimes d .C. § 1591, or of imprisonment imprisonment 1-904), the Co itle 46, U.S.C. eted of two or ore State or lo this paragrap such offenses; f violence but earm or destru | escribed in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. nent of 10 years or more is prescribed; or risonment or death; or of 10 years or more is prescribed in the ntrolled Substances Import and Export Act . (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or more offenses described in subparagraphs ocal offenses that would have been offenses h if a circumstance giving rise to Federal g or involves: ctive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); |
| ☐ (2) the defendant has previously been co § 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offens | nvicted o | of a Federal of | |
| to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i> (3) the offense described in paragraph (2 committed while the defendant was on roll (4) a period of not more than five years here. | elease pe | nding trial for | a Federal, State, or local offense; and |

defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

| ▼ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses: (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. § 70501-70508); (2) an offense moder 18 U.S.C. § \$924(e), 95(a), or 2332b; (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § \$924(e), 95(a), or 2332b; (4) an offense under 18 U.S.C. § \$924(e), 95(a), or 2332b; (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. § \$1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425. ★ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.) OR The defendant has presented evidence sufficient for rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted. Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven: M by elear and convincing evidence | AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial |
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| □ (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 8801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 890-701), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. § 40 U.S.C. § 70501-70508); □ (2) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 8924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; □ (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(R) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; □ (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. § 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or ☑ (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. § 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425. ☑ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above ☑ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.) OR □ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted. Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven: ☑ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community. ☑ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following: ☑ Weight of evidence against th | rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant |
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| ✓ Lack of stable employment✓ Lack of stable residence | History of violence or use of weapons |
| ☐ Lack of financially responsible sureties | ✓ Lack of stable employment✓ Lack of stable residence |

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| ✓ Lack of significant community or family ties to this district ☐ Significant family or other ties outside the United States ☐ Lack of legal status in the United States ☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration ☐ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered ☐ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement ☐ Use of alias(es) or false documents ☐ Background information unknown or unverified ☐ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release | |
| OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION: | |
| Defendant did not argue for bail at this time. | |
| | |
| Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention | |
| The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in | |

charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in

connection with a court proceeding.

Date:

10/22/2019

LINCOLN D. ALMOND

United States Magistrate Judge